









PILSĒTAS ATTĪSTĪBAS



Dabas aizsardzības pārvalde



Involvement of society and promotion of participation

## Role of development plan of the Nature Park "Piejūra" within coastal development process of local area



Coastal Habitat Conservation in Nature Park 'Piejūra', Natura 2000 site LIFE CoHaBit LIFE15NAT/LV/000900

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## **Agenda of presentation**

- 1. Project LIFE CoHaBit
- 2. NP «Piejūra»
- 3. Restoration & management
- of habitats
- 3. Data & Statistics
- 4. Involvement of society
- 5. Challenges





## **Project LIFE CoHaBit**

Duration: 01/09/2016 - 31/08/2020

Beneficiaries: Coordinating – Carnikava Municipality Associated –

- Riga City Council, Development Department
- NGO «Baltic Coasts»
- Nature Conservation Board

#### **Co-funding:**

- European Commission LIFE
  program 60%
- Administation of the Latvian Environmental Protection Fund and project partners 40%





Latvijas vides aizsardzības fonda administrācija



City









14.05.2019.

Scientific Conference "Maritime and coastal planning – from planning to results"



## **Project LIFE CoHaBit**

## <u>Main aim</u>: Mitigation of the heavy anthropogenic pressure and restore the vulnerable coastal habitats in NP 'Piejūra' (Latvia), Natura 2000 site

There will implemented conservation, restoration and sustainable management of 13 coastal habitat types (7 of them EU priority) and 2 plant species listed in the Habitats Directive, 9 habitat types according to the Bern Convention, and 6 species listed in Birds Directive found in Nature Park 'Piejūra', NATURE 2000 site

#### Main activities:

1. Nature Management plan and Visitor management plan of Nature Park 'Piejūra'

#### 2. Conservation and restoration actions

- including 5 ha of Coastal lagoons, 5 ha of Baltic Boreal meadows, 33 ha of grey dunes, 18 ha of Western taiga, etc.

#### 3. Control alien species invasion in NP 'Piejūra'

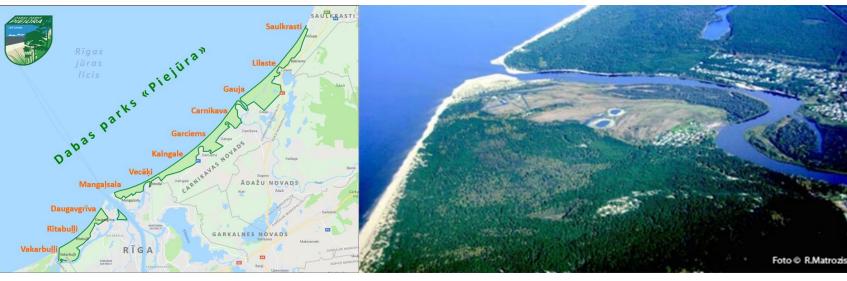
#### 4. Stakeholder's involvement

- educational activities and awareness rising campaigns (The Information and Education Center of NP 'Piejura' established, awareness raising campaigns and educational activities (mobile application, social media, video materials) Experience gained by networking with nature conservation institutions in EU to adopt their experiences in restoration and management of coastal habitats





## Nature Park «Piejūra»



- Originally established in 1962, the purpose of the park was to preserve dune forests, forests, beaches.
- NP "Piejūra" represents the habitats and species of the Boreal region.
- Natura 2000 site
- Total area of 4315 ha





## Nature Park «Piejūra»

- Includes 3 municipalities Riga city, Carnikava municipality, Saulkrastu municipality.
- Flows through 3 major rivers of Latvia: Lielupe, Daugava, Gauja.
- In accordance with the Latvian Sustainable Development Strategy it is one of the premises of national interest.
- Majority of the area is covered by habitats of EU importance, 10 of them are under priority protected status.
- Intensive anthropogenic pressure.
- Habitat quality is rapidly decreasing.
- Faces the interests of different sectors forestry, culture, recreation, tourism, education and nature protection.
- Several landowners and land managers, both state and municipal institutions, and legal and private persons.
- Mismatch and lack of demand for tourism and recreation infrastructure.
- Management of territory is carried out irregularly and insufficient.









## Nature Park «Piejūra»

- Majority of the area is covered by habitats of EU importance, like coastal dunes, meadows, lagoons, and forests that are spread in the area of more than 30 km and is characterized by the high biodiversity.
- The entire territory of these sensitive habitats are becoming more and more topical due to the increase of the anthropogenic load, as well as the increasing severity of storms and subsequent level of coastal erosion.
- The unique **value of area** depends the on interaction of all species and habitats present in it, and the project aims also to preserve this diversity of species and habitats, which together form the landscape diversity of the seashore.





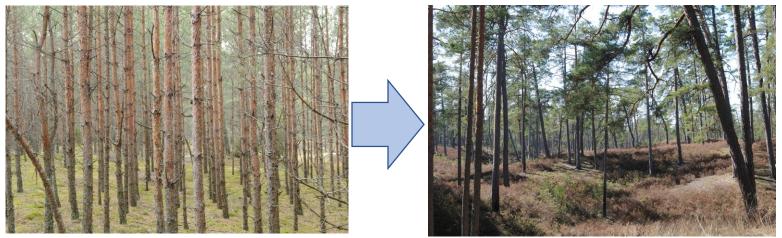
#### Wooded dunes and gray dunes

- The aim is to restore and improve the condition of the protected habitats while simultaneously balancing these actions with the provision of a shore-side protective function and the provision of high-quality ecosystem services to the local population.
- To restore coastal habitats activities consist of complex restoration methods together forming a mosaic structure to increase the biodiversity of habitats.



Dianthus arenarius

• Such works will be carried out for the **first time in NP "Piejūra" and overall Latvian coast**.

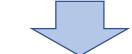




#### Protection the coastal dunes against erosion

- The aim is to restore and improve the condition of the coastal dunes which is threatened by anthropogenic pressure and wind erosion.
- Main methods for erosion reduction will be brunch coverings, plantation of *Leymus arenarius* or *Ammophila arenaria* and set up of fences to prevent erosion.
- An innovative and demonstrative aspect of coastal erosion reduction will be the use of reeds for fence installation.











#### Protection the coastal dunes against erosion





Restoration measures of Boreal Baltic coastal meadows and coastal lagoons

#### **Boreal Baltic coastal meadows**

The purpose is to restore the grassland as creating a diverse and more favorable environment for the meadow regeneration process and to make favorable conditions for development of plant and animal species, especially bird species.



#### **Coastal lagoons**

The main aim of the restoration works is to create a complex and open lagoon habitat landscape, where would be favorable conditions for development of plant and animal species, especially bird species.







Rhinanthus spp



#### Alien / invasive species combat

- Invasive alien species pose a significant threat to biodiversity in the EU and also in Latvia.
- The dispersal restriction of invasive species is one of the priorities of nature protection in Latvia (the Latvian National Programme on Biological Diversity, accepted by Cabinet of Ministers on 16th of May, 2000).
- The action is required to conserve habitats of Community importance Wooded dunes, shifting dunes and meadows.



Rosa rugosa



Aronia melanocarpa



Lactuca tatarica



Solidago l Canadensis g



Impatiens glandulifera

Amelanchier spicata

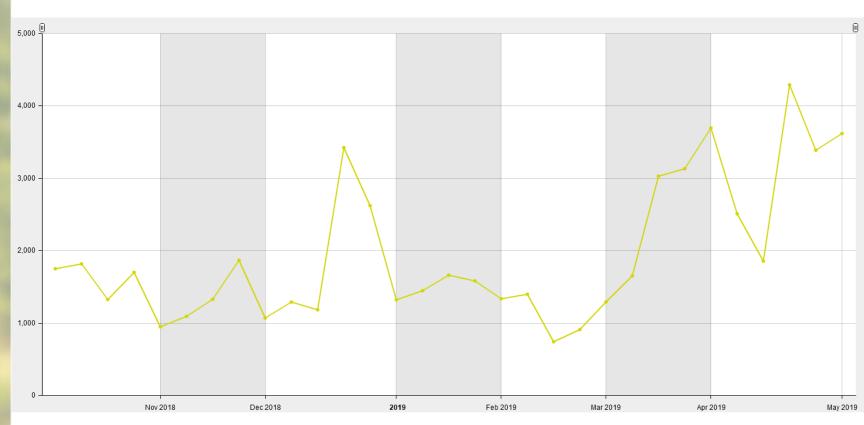




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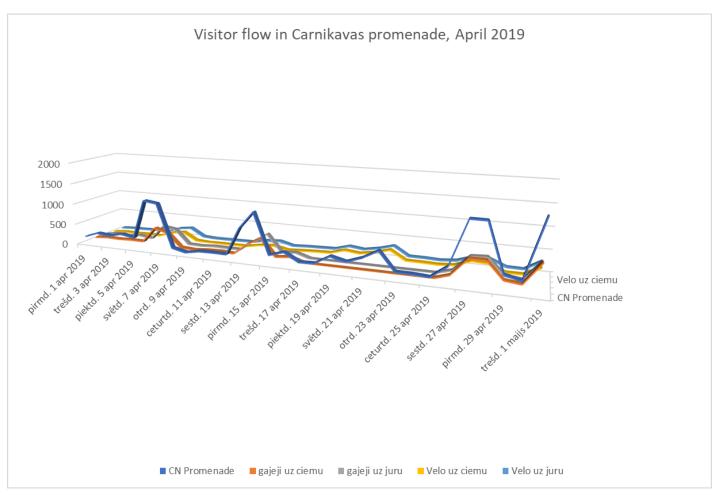


#### Visitor Flow at Carnikava Promenade (October 2018 – May 2019)





#### Visitor Flow at Carnikava Promenade



#### Average 490 visitors per day in April 2019, and ~1500 visitors every day in spring weekends.

14.05.2019.



#### Amount of waste



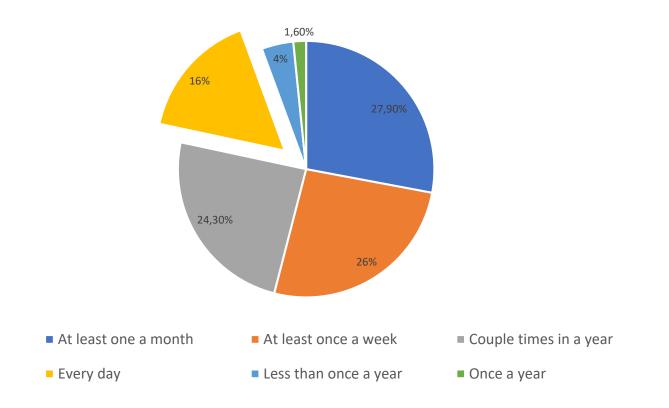
The number of visitors to the park is increasing - the number of waste remains unchanged.





- The survey "Public opinion on the nature park "Piejūra""
- 08/10/2018- 24/10/2018, 506 respondents

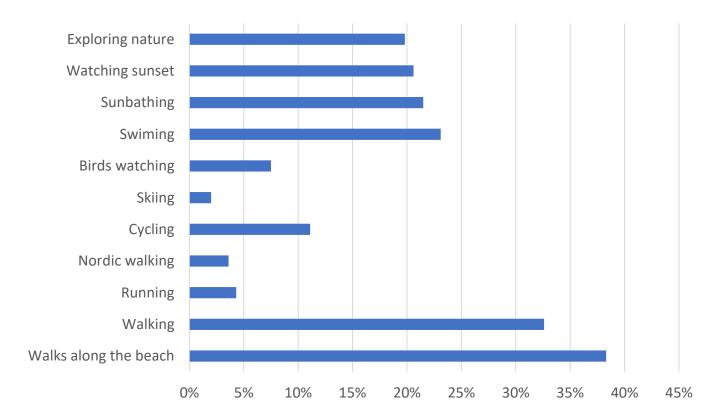
#### How often do you visit NP «Piejura?»





The survey "Public opinion on the nature park "Piejūra""

#### For what purposes do you visit the nature park «FREQUENTLY»?



The most common answers within «other purpose»: orienteering; a desire to escape from the community and city; horse riding; time to spend alone.



The survey "Public opinion on the nature park "Piejūra""

#### Priority of NP Piejūra No 1:

**Nature protection** 

Is it necessary to limit the number of visitors to the NP?

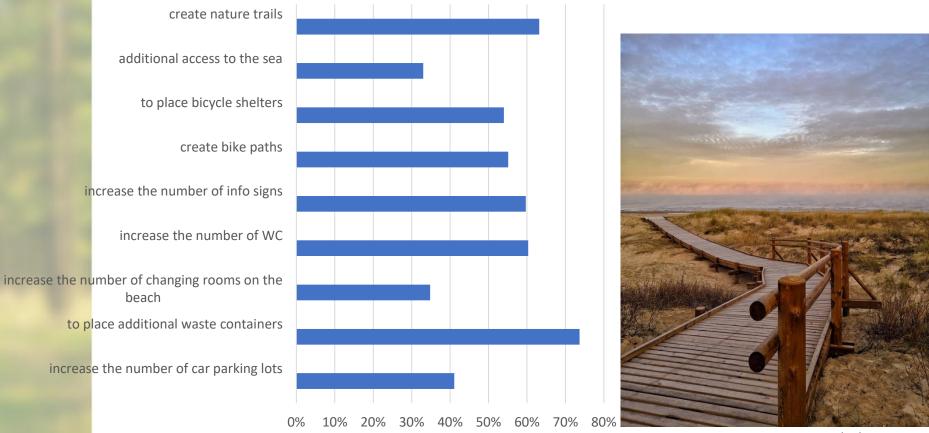
VS

Totally disagree – 47% Partial disagree – 43%

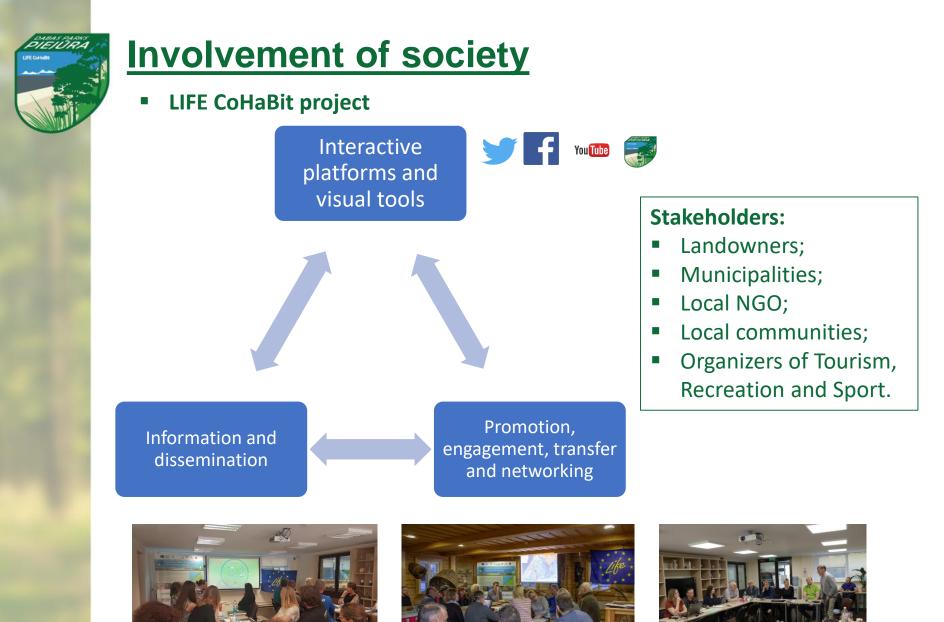


#### The survey "Public opinion on the nature park "Piejūra""

Respondent's opinions on the necessity of infrastructure in the NP «Piejūra»



Garciems Trail. Photo: E.Lācis





## **Involvement of society**

LIFE CoHaBit project / Education and awareness raising events in schools and camps



GREEN JOBS



raising-events-children-students-carnikava



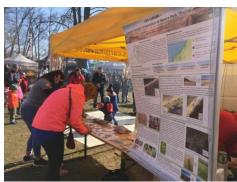
## **Involvement of society**

 LIFE CoHaBit project /Educational and awareness raising in various events in NP Piejūra











## **Involvement of society**

LIFE CoHaBit project / Season opening days – common works







Biodiversity Vulnerable habitats High quality recreational resources

> High anthropogenic load Demand for infrastructure

# UFE CALOR

### **Challenges**

Maintaining the balance between coastal biodiversity and recreational resources is a major challenge in nature park Piejūra, to preserve healty park ecology.

This particularly applies to area, because it has been subjected to human influence for long time and area are very sensitive to changes in environmental factors.

#### **Biggest challenges and aims**

- Current plans have to be updated!
  - Nature Management plan and
  - Visitor management plan

in order to meet interests of nature protection, visitors of the park, stakeholders such as municipalities and land owners.

- Education and involvement of society.
- Improvement of cooperation.



Which is the best way how balance all the interest and make everyone happy?



## Thank you for your attention!

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www.dabasparkspiejura.lv



https://www.facebook.com/dabasparkspiejura/



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